## HEALTHCARE INNOVATION.

#### CHI Learning & Development (CHILD) System

#### **Project Title**

Reducing Time Taken for Applications for Voluntary Nursing Home in Jurong Community Hospital

#### **Project Lead and Members**

Project Lead: Shermaine Tan

Project Members: Elaine Capili Jumalon, Freckleton Megan Louise, Kumaran Sinniah,

Jeyapandian Persis Jensi Rani, Gladys Chia, Kwan Jia Lin

#### **Organisation(s) Involved**

**Jurong Community Hospital** 

#### Healthcare Family Group(s) Involved in this Project

Allied Health, Ancillary Care, Healthcare Administration, Nursing

#### **Applicable Specialty or Discipline**

Medical Social Workers, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy

#### **Project Period**

Start date: Mar 2021

Completed date: Feb 2022

#### Aims

The team aims to increase the percentage of Voluntary Nursing Home (VNH) applications which are placed on the waitlist within 10 working days from application initiation to 70% by January 2022.

#### **Background**

See poster appended/ below.

#### Methods

See poster appended/below



#### **Results**

See poster appended/ below

#### **Lessons Learnt**

Although it is tempting to adopt existing processes from other institutions, it is important to be systematic in how we implement change. By going through the root cause analysis, it helped us identify issues that are unique to JCH. In addition, the methodical process of analysing problem and choosing solution enabled us to better appreciate how that particular solution will help in improving the process. Moreover, we learnt that multi-stakeholder partnership is essential in ensuring sustained success in resolving issues. Besides engaging the heads of departments to gain their buy-in, we also identified "champions of change" in the key stakeholder groups so that they can help to drive the change. This helped in the sustainability of the change as both the senior and junior staff assisted to influence change in their respective departments.

#### Conclusion

See poster appended/below

#### **Additional Information**

It is important to analyse the situation before we start coming up with solutions to ensure that we are targeting the right problem. It will also be helpful to get representative from all the parties involved in the situation to be on board the project so that we can have a better reach to their departments.

Doing a Quality Improvement project is often misunderstood as time-consuming and tedious. However, it is actually worth the time because it can help us to provide better care for our patients. It is also rewarding to see the impact which the project created.



#### CHI Learning & Development (CHILD) System

#### **Project Category**

Care Continuum, Intermediate and Long Term Care & Community Care, Nursing Home, Right- Siting

Care & Process Redesign, Quality Improvement, Workflow Redesign, Value Based Care, Productivity, Time Saving, Access to Care, Waiting Time

#### Keywords

Nursing Home, Process Improvement

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# REDUCING TIME TAKEN FOR VOLUNTARY NURSING HOME APPLICATIONS IN JURONG COMMUNITY HOSPITAL

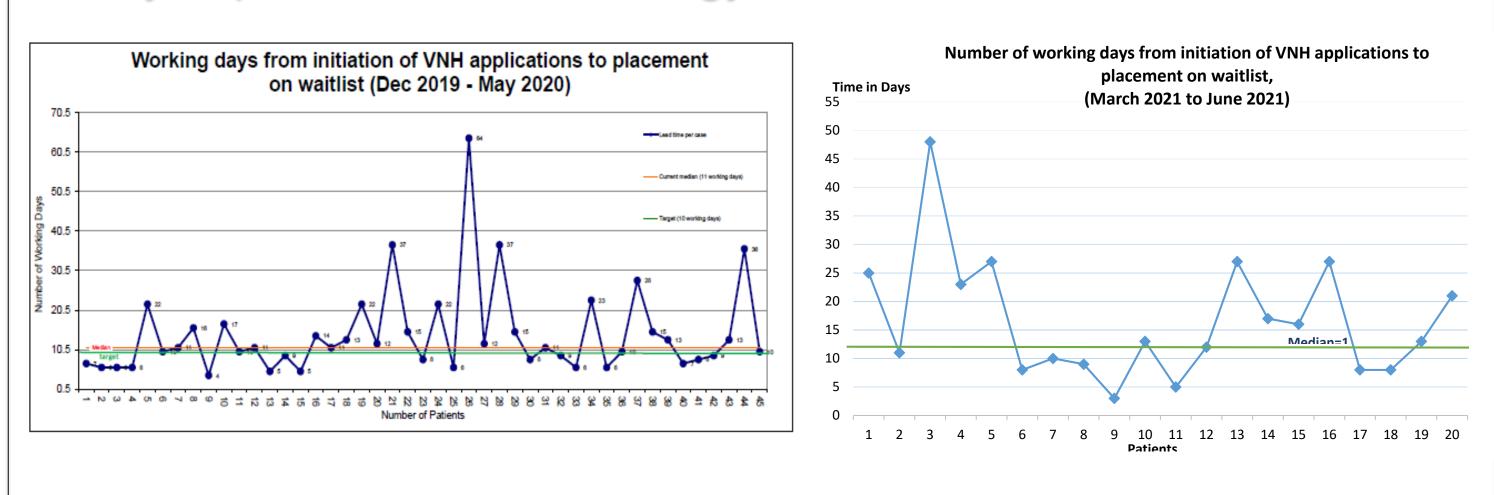
✓ CARE REDESIGN☐ WORKFORCE TRANSFORMATION☐ AUTOMATION, IT, ROBOTICS INNOVATION

MEMBERS: TAN KAI XUAN SHERMAINE, DR ELAINE CAPILI JUMALON, JEYAPANDIAN PERSIS JENSI RANI, FRECKLETON MEGAN LOUISE, KUMARAN SINNIAH, GLADYS CHIA, KWAN JIA LIN

# 1. Define Problem, Set Aim

Between December 2019 to May 2020, only 46.7% of Voluntary Nursing Home (VNH) applications initiated in Jurong Community Hospital (JCH) were placed on the waitlist within 10 working days. This inevitably resulted in a delay in right siting of patients' care and longer length of stay for patients. The hospital tried some interventions to improve the problem. However, based on the data from March 2021 to June 2021, only 35% of Voluntary Nursing Home (VNH) applications (20 patients in total) were placed on the waitlist within 10 working days from application initiation.

Hence, a team, including members from the hospital's multidisciplinary team and representative from the Agency for Integrated Care (AIC), was set up to examine the issue in depth using the Quality Improvement methodology.



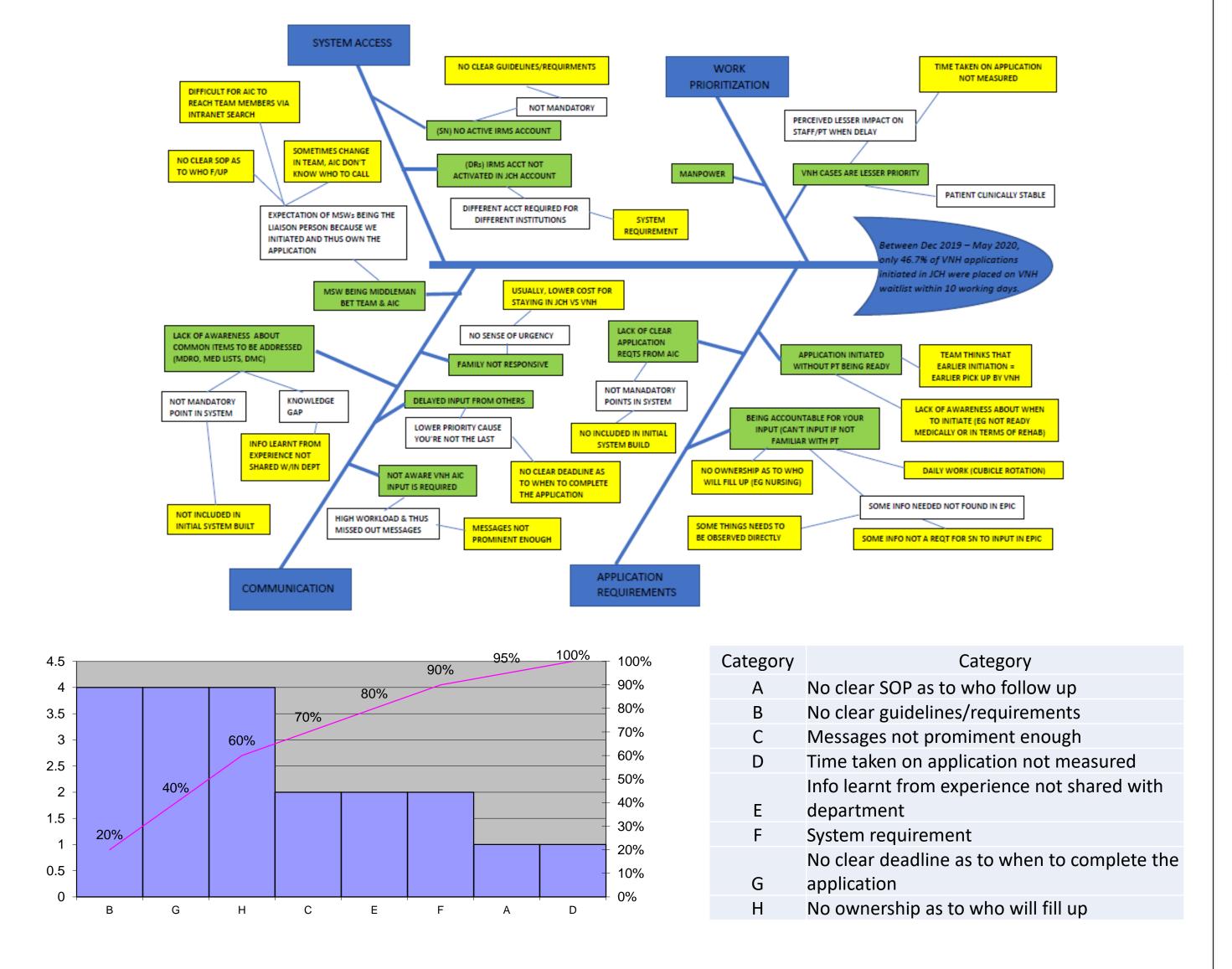
## Aim

The team aims to increase the percentage of VNH applications which are placed on the waitlist within 10 working days from application initiation to 70% by January 2022.

# 2. Strategy for Change

## **Problem Analysis**

The team examined the process map and fishbone diagram to brainstorm on the potential reasons for the delay in placing on the waitlist.

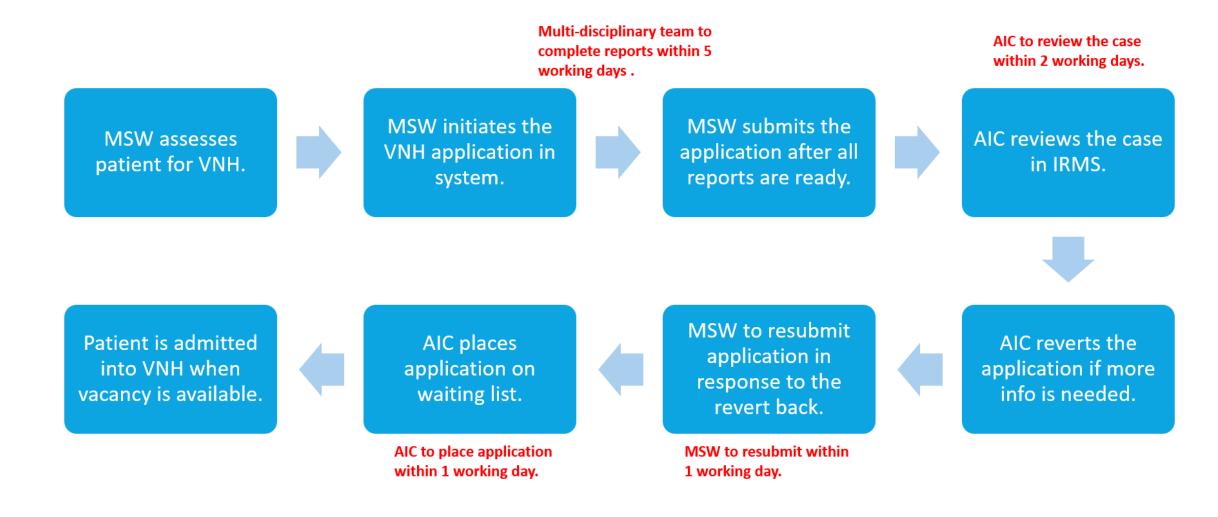


The team completed the pareto chart and decided to focus on the solution of setting clear timelines which can target the top root causes.

## 3. Interventions and Results

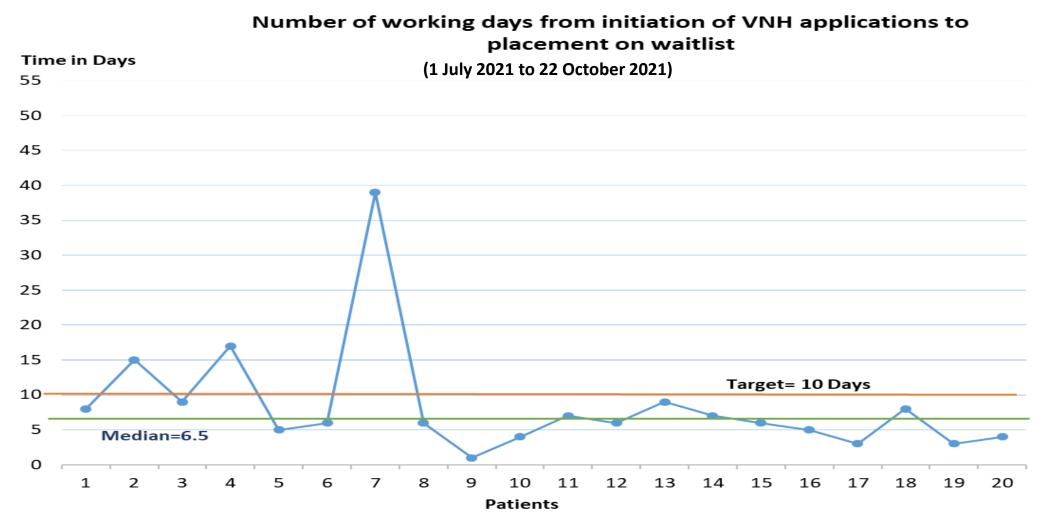
The team members set clear timelines for VNH applications:

- 1. For VNH applications to be submitted to AIC within five working days upon initiation of application.
- 2. For AIC to review the application and respond (either revert or approve and place on waitlist) within two working days.
- 3. For team to respond to AIC's revert (if applicable) within one working day.
- 4. For AIC to respond to the amendments (either revert another time or approve and place on waitlist) within one working day.

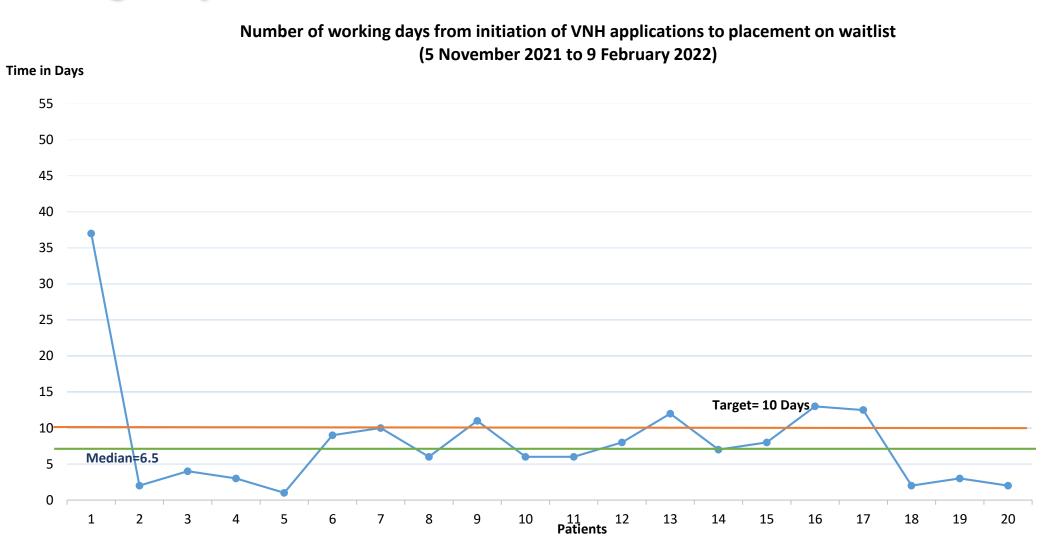


### Results

From the first data set, 85% of our VNH applications from the first PDSA cycle were placed on the waitlist within 10 working days from initiation.



To test sustainability, we collected the second data set. 75% of our VNH applications (20 patients in total) were placed on the waitlist within 10 working days from initiation.



# 4. Learning Points

We learnt that it is important to be systematic in how we implement change. By going through the root cause analysis, it helped us identify issues that are unique to JCH. In addition, the methodical process of analysing problem and choosing solution enabled us to better appreciate how that particular solution will help in improving the process.

Moreover, we learnt that multi-stakeholder partnership is essential in ensuring sustained success in resolving issues. Besides engaging the heads of departments to gain their buy-in, we also identified "champions of change" in the key stakeholder groups so that they can help to drive the change. This helped in the sustainability of the change as both the senior and junior staff assisted to influence change in their respective departments.

