

Project Title

To Improve the Process for Draining Effluent Fluid from Continuous Renal Replacement Therapy (CRRT) machines

Project Lead and Members

- Koh Hwee Hong
- Lee Mei Bao Jasmine
- Low Huiling
- Lee Xiao Wei Anne
- Charmaine Ong Xiang Yun
- Duan Shuya
- Sharifah Nur Dhabitah Bte Syed
- Shiekh
- Alina Ee Min Si
- Delvin Wong Le Chen
- Lim Ee Lin Amy
- Ng Li Choo

Organisation(s) Involved

National Heart Centre Singapore, Singapore General Hospital

Healthcare Family Group(s) Involved in this Project

Medical, Nursing

Applicable Specialty or Discipline

Intensive Care Unit, Nephrology, Coronary Care

Aim(s)

• Aim to improve the process of effluent fluid drainage. It led to a 100% elimination of trip to the disposal room and time spent in waiting for the effluent bag to complete draining.



Background

See poster appended/ below

Methods

See poster appended/ below

Results

See poster appended/ below

Conclusion

See poster appended/ below

Additional Information

Singapore Healthcare Management Congress 2022 – Merit Award (Operations category)

Project Category

Care & Process Redesign

Value Based Care, Productivity

Keywords

Effluent Drainage Process, Infection Control, Prototype, Hospital Acquired Infections

Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)

Name: Koh Hwee Hong

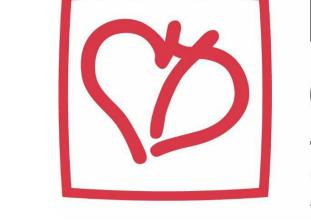
Email: singaporehealthcaremanagement@singhealth.com.sg

To Improve the Process for Draining Effluent Fluid from CRRT machines

Singapore Healthcare Management 2022

Koh Hwee Hong¹, Lee Mei Bao Jasmine¹, Low Huiling¹, Lee Xiao Wei Anne¹, Charmaine Ong Xiang Yun¹, Duan Shuya¹, Sharifah Nur Dhabitah Bte Syed Shiekh¹, Alina Ee Min Si¹, Delvin Wong Le Chen¹, Lim Ee Lin Amy², Ng Li Choo²

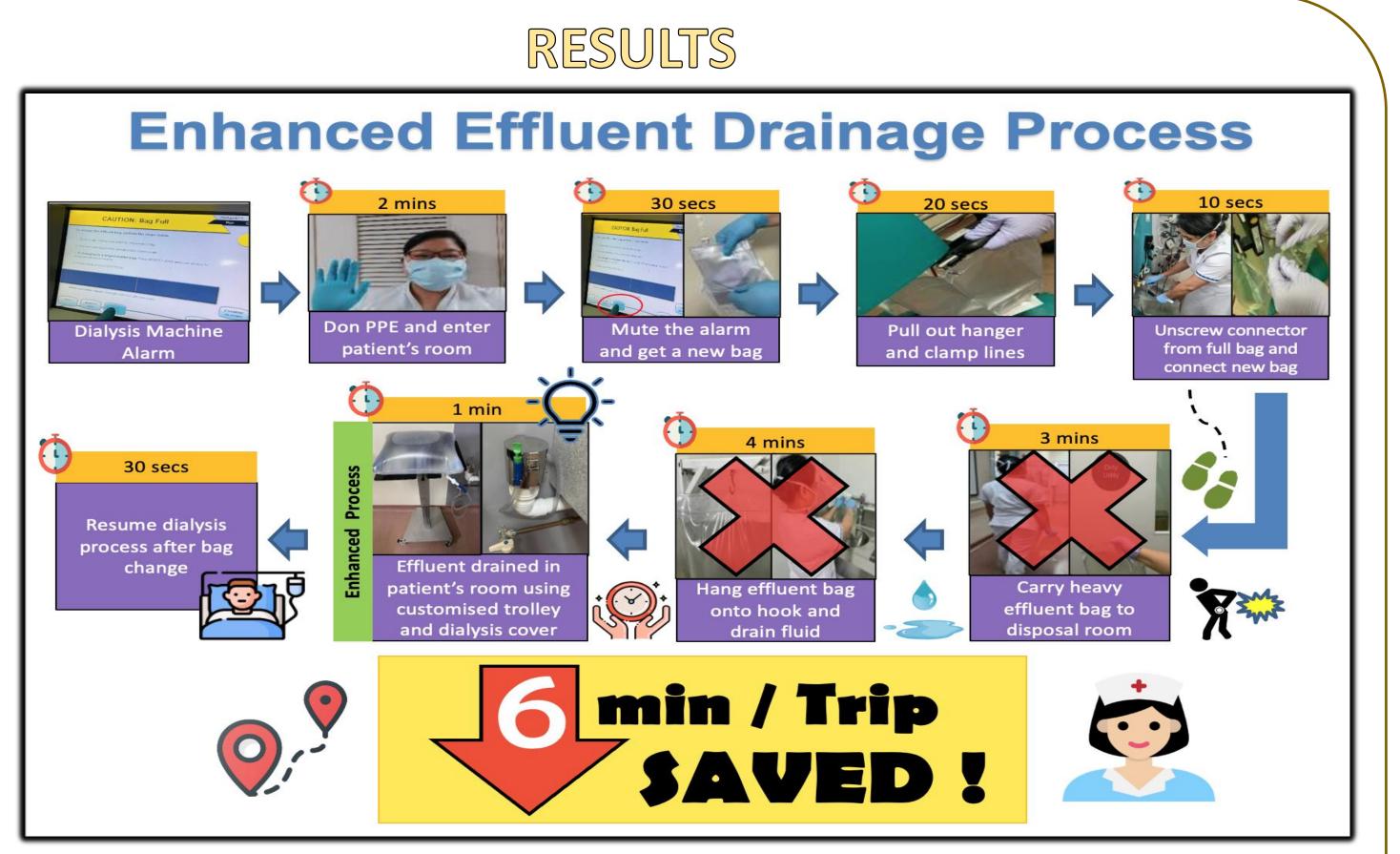
¹National Heart Centre Singapore, ²Singapore General Hospital



National Heart **Centre Singapore** SingHealth

BACKGROUND

Continuous renal replacement therapy (CRRT) is evidently established as one of most common therapy used in the Intensive Care Unit (ICU). It is not limited to the treatment of patients with renal failure but also for patients with septic shock and acute on chronic liver failure. CRRT removes water and waste at a consistent pace to that of native renal function and the waste product is drained into a 5 litres effluent bag. In June 2020, every ICU was allocated new Fresenius Medical Care (FMC) CRRT machines. Besides the marked difference in operation, the effluent bag holds 10 litres of effluent fluid, weighing 10kg (Figure 1).



The process to change and drain the dialysate bags (Figure 2) is labour intensive and time-consuming. Due to infection control guidelines, draining of effluent fluid into the ICU room's sink or inbuilt dialysis pipe is not permitted except for intermittent dialysis. The of wastewater sheer pressure discharging into the sewage pipes causes water droplets and aerosolization. The bigger droplets contaminate the surrounding environment, while the smaller droplets generate into aerosols which can be inhaled by the patients or healthcare workers. Failure to enforce and regulate how medical waste are handled in the healthcare setting predisposes patients to hospital acquired infections.

Figure 1. Different types of effluent bags



5 litres effluent bag 10 litres effluent bag Figure 2. Process of effluent fluid drainage



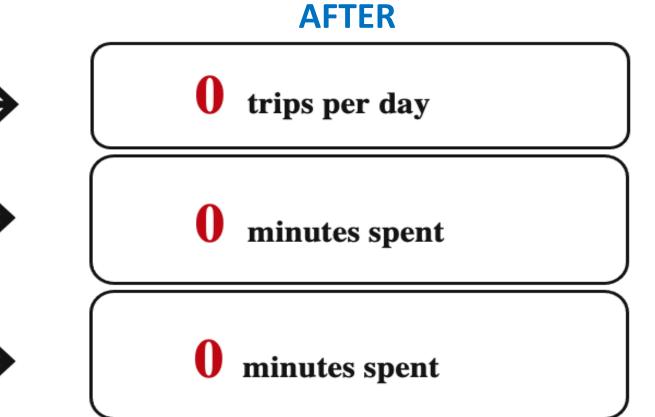
METHODOLOGY

Solution 1. Customized dialysis cover for inbuilt dialysis pipes in the ICU

The innovation improved the process of effluent fluid drainage. It led to a 100% elimination of trip to the disposal room and time spent in waiting for the effluent bag to complete draining.

BEFORE 12 trips per day* \rightarrow (avg. 4 trips per shift x 3 shifts) **36** mins / day spent walking to and \rightarrow fro disposal room* (3 mins per bag x 12 trips) 48 mins / day spent draining of effluent bags* \rightarrow (4 mins per bag x 12 bags)

*Based on <u>1 CRRT</u> case / day



The dialysis cover was customized to accommodate to the polymerization of 2 different types of dialysis, such as hemodialysis and CRRT. The team enhanced the final design of the cover to have the following features:



• Design #1: Stainless steel cover with an unique lock. The cover will prevent aerosolisation and accidental spillage of effluent fluid into the environment.

Design #2: During intermittent dialysis, 3 waste tubes are discharged into the inbuilt sewage pipe. The special inlet will secure dialysis tubings when waste water are discharged into the sewage.

• Design #3: Inner adjustable shell to "close" (refer red arrow) 3 outlets. This prevents pests from crawling out.



Solution 2. A customized trolley with adjustable height

The team went through 2 stages of prototypes before finalizing the trolley design. It was customized to cater to the requirements across a spectrum of CRRT machines. Feasibility of the trolley's functions include:



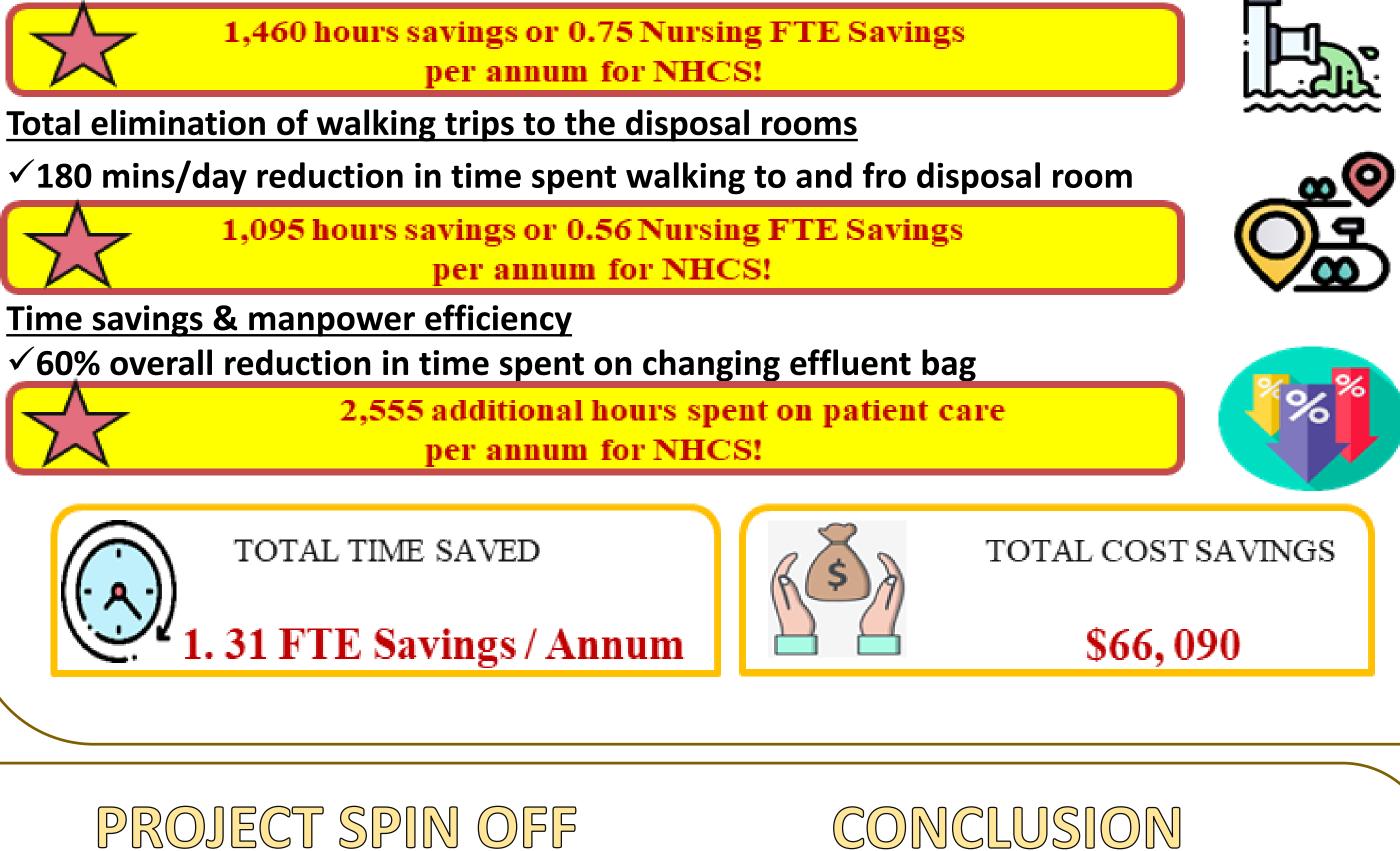
• 4 trolley wheels for easy maneuver

• Knob to release the locking mechanism and raise the height of the stand automatically • Top surface area wide enough to accommodate both 5 Liter & 10 Liter bag

• Customized cutting of the table top to facilitate the draining of residual effluent fluid for a 5 and 10 litre bag

Daily there are average 2 CRRT cases in CCU & 3 CRRT cases in CTICU Effluent discharged directly in the room

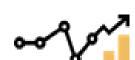
 \checkmark 240 mins/day avoided for time spent on draining of effluent bags



Production

The infrastructure of a hospital is an essential

component of infection control measure. The use of the customized dialysis pipe cover and





• Additional hooks to secure the bag from sliding off when the balance of the drainage bag is placed on the top surface



Solution 3. Education Roadshow

Roadshows on the demonstration of operating the customised trolley and pipe cover were carried out. Regular hand-on training sessions were also conducted for current and new staffs.



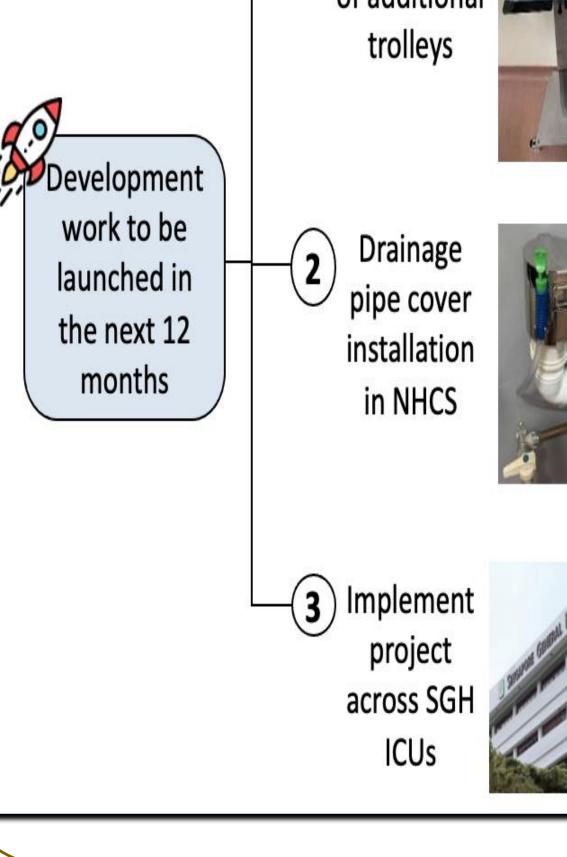






Hands-on Guidance of using the customized pipe cover





trolley enhanced the process of effluent drainage by eliminating the need to manually carry heavy effluent bags for drainage. This in turn translates into better economic viability and productivity for NHCS when the numbers for work related injuries are kept low. By improving workplace safety, it reduces absenteeism, increases productivity and retention and raise employee morale.

Cross contamination and aerosolization of water droplets generated from drainage of the waste products can predispose patients to hospital acquired infections (HAIs). With the specialized cover, HAIs can be prevented. Hence, decreases morbidity, mortality and avoidable healthcare cost.